



**Demonstrating the Safety and Reliability of a New System
or Spacecraft: Incorporating Analyses and Reviews of the
Design and Processing in Determining the Number of
Tests to be Conducted**

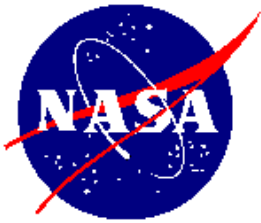
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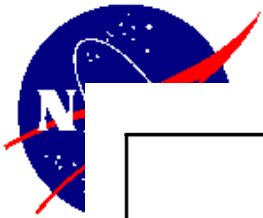
Presentation Outline

- **Demonstrating Design Safety/Reliability**
- **Failure Rate Bathtub Curve**
- **Reliability-Growth-Based Testing Requirements**
- **Treatment of Uncertainties**
- **Benefits and Costs of Testing Strategies**
- **Summary**
- **Supplemental Slides**
- **Annotated References**

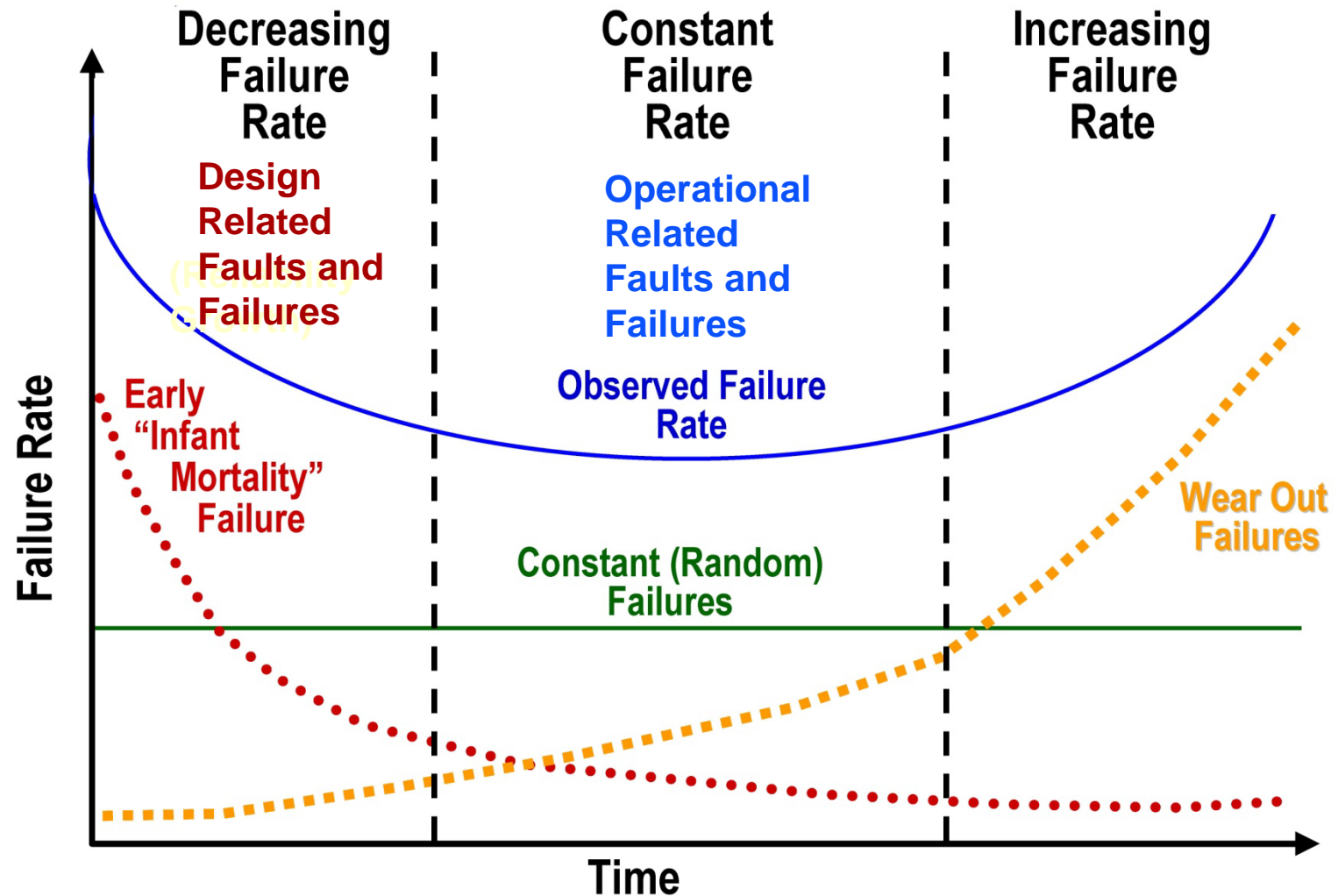


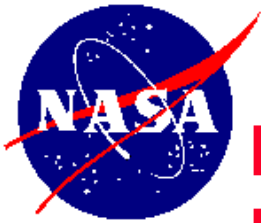
Demonstrating Design Safety and Reliability

- **Design safety and reliability is the probability that a new system has no failure-causing faults**
- **Design tests focus on detecting existing failure-causing faults**
- **Design tests can be partial tests or complete system tests and can consist of test flights**
- **In addition to design-related failures, random failures can occur**
- **The random failure contribution is generally associated with the steady-state operation of the mature system**



The Failure-Rate Bathtub Curve

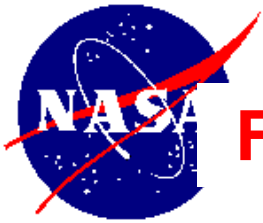




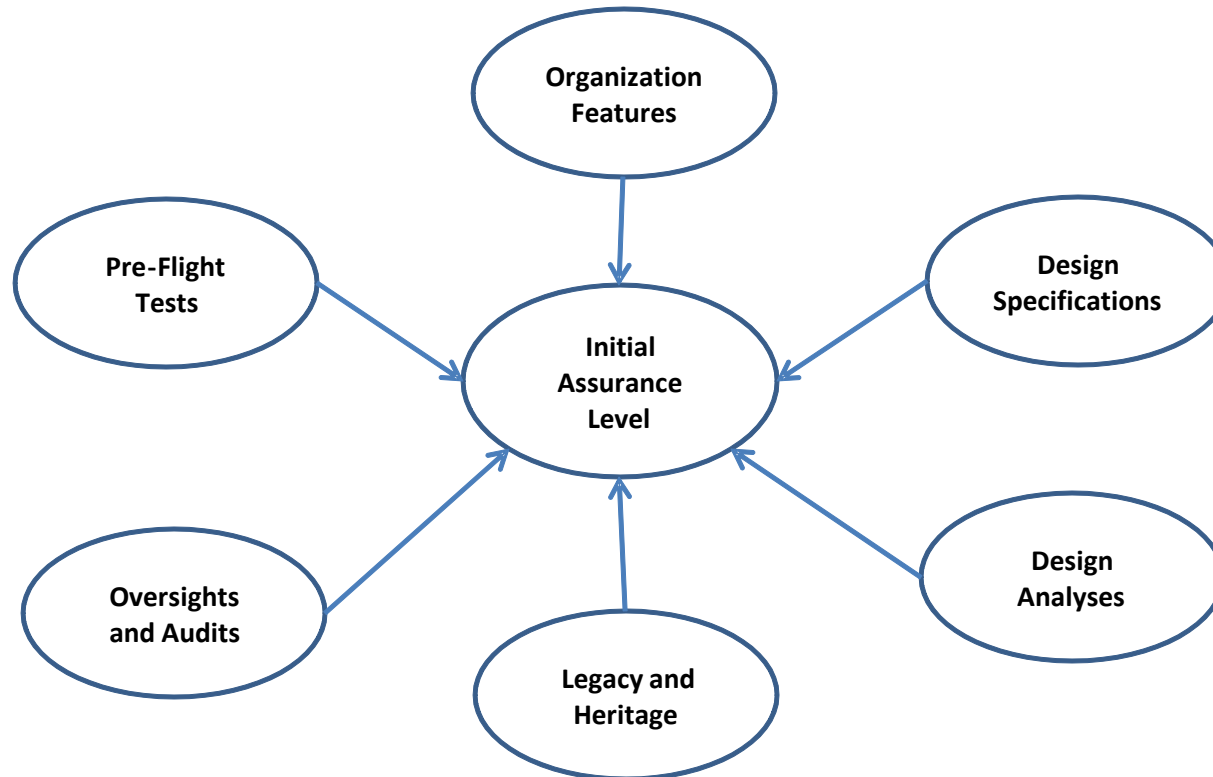
Reliability-Growth Principles Provide Required Numbers of Failure-Free Tests

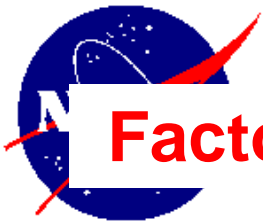
- Design safety and reliability is demonstrated by conducting sufficient tests without failure
- Based on reliability-growth principles, the required number of tests depends on three major factors:
 - Initial System Assurance Level
 - Fault-Detection Effectiveness
 - Corrective Action Effectiveness
- Failures are handled by including corrective action effectiveness in the test requirements
- Binomial testing requirements are not applicable since failure correction and test feedback are not considered

*See the references for further background

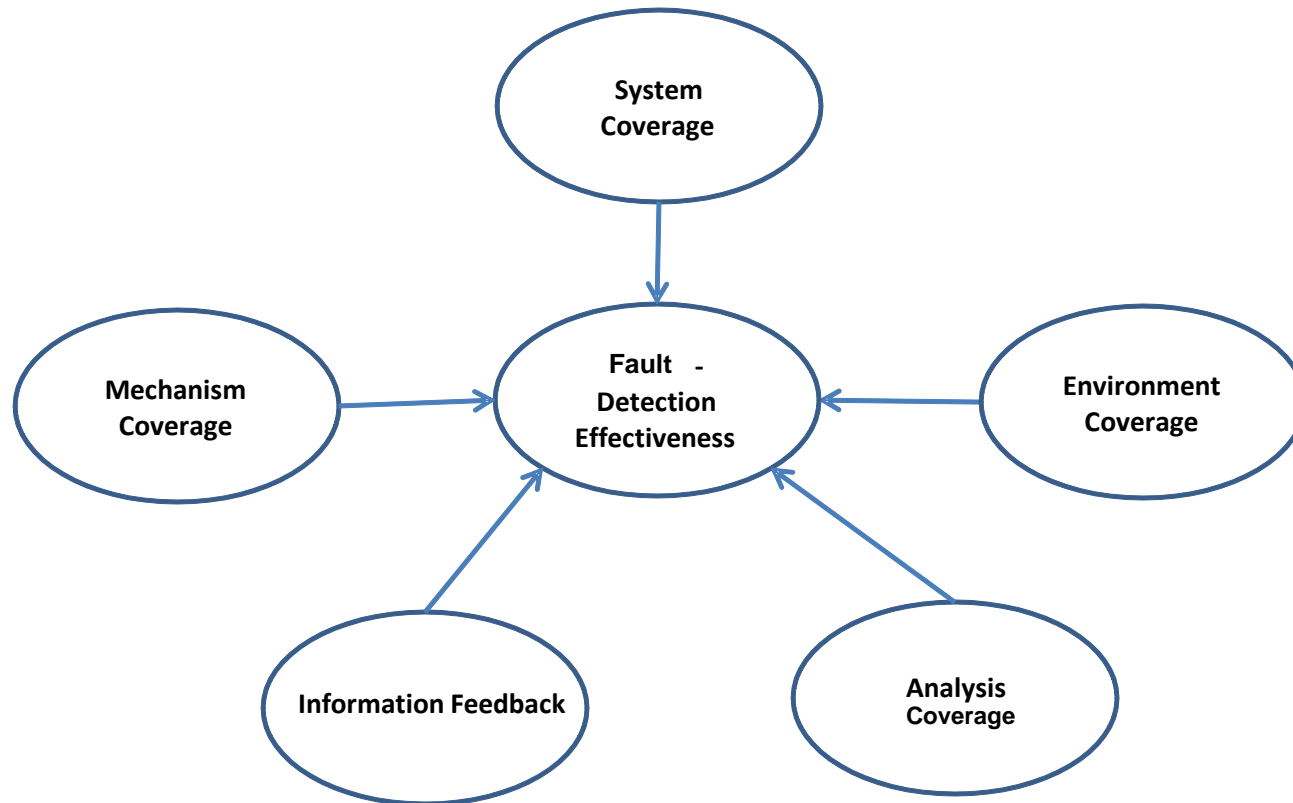


Factors Determining Initial Assurance Level





Factors Determining Fault Detection Effectiveness





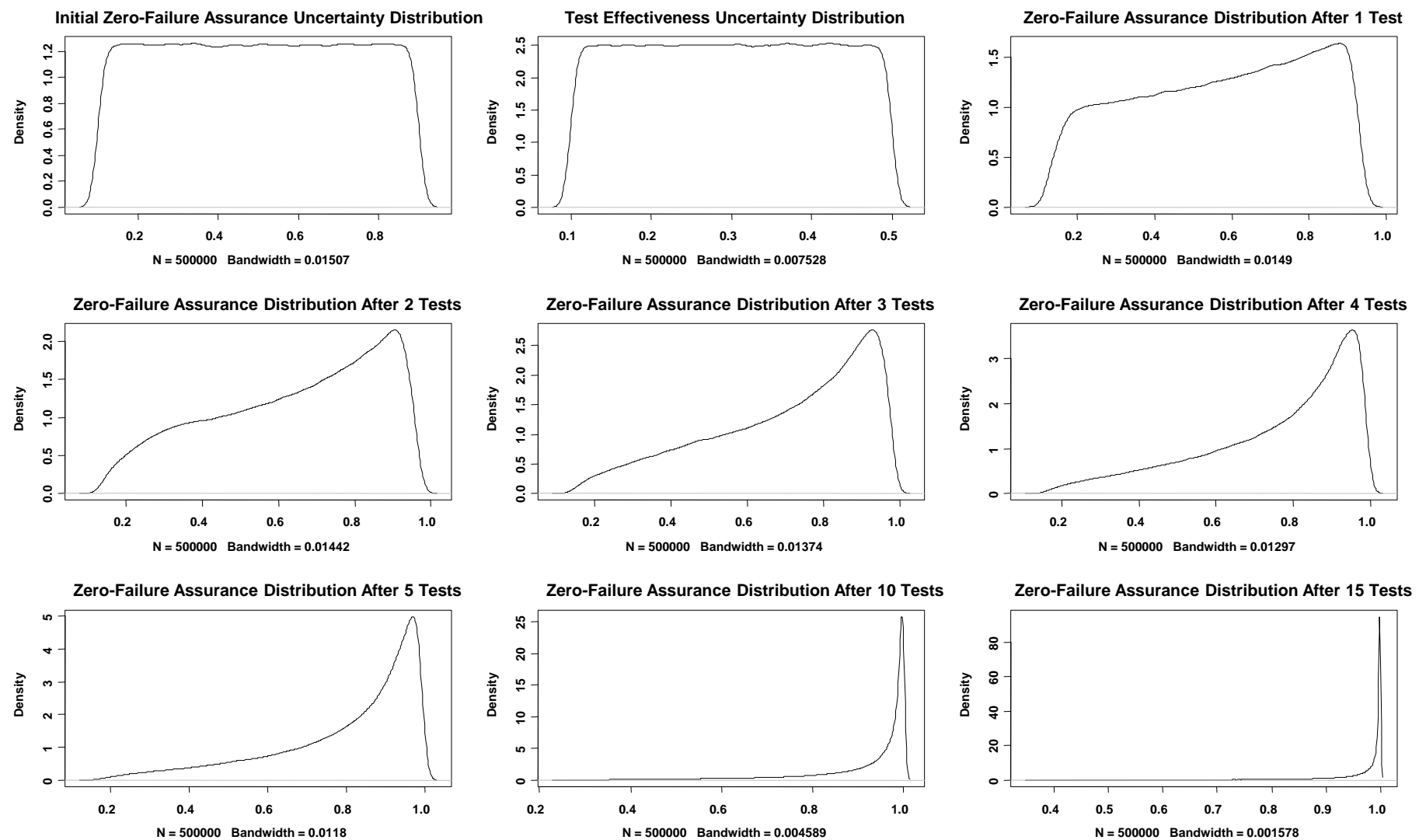
Required Reliability-Growth-Based Failure-Free Tests*

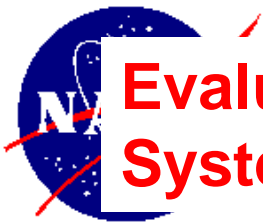
- The three tables in the supplemental slides give required failure-free tests to demonstrate a given system reliability
- The first table shows the value of having a high initial assurance with much fewer demonstration tests needed
- The second table shows that inapplicable binomial testing requirements are generally much higher than reliability-growth-based testing requirements
- The third table shows the effect of increased fault detection effectiveness in decreasing required numbers of tests
- To include uncertainties, lower bounds on the initial assurance level and fault detection effectiveness are used

*See the supplemental slides for the formulas and the references for further background.



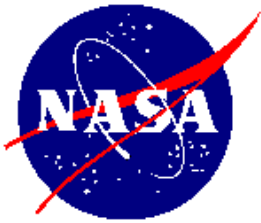
Uncertainty Evaluations for Large Uncertainties on the Initial Assurance Level and Fault Detection Effectiveness





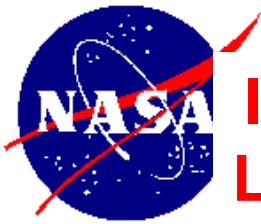
Evaluating the Benefits and Costs of Subsystem and System Test Strategies

	System Reliability with Subsystem Tests	System Failure Probability with Subsystem Tests		System Reliability with Subsystem and System Tests	System Failure Probability with Subsystem and System Tests		Total Subsystem Test Cost	Total System Test Cost	Total Subsystem Plus System Test Cost
Before Tests	49.00%	51.00%		90.09%	9.91%		120	300	420
After Tests	90.09%	9.91%		98.64%	1.36%				
	Subsystem 1		Subsystem 2		Subsystem 3		Subsystem 4		System
PreTest Reliability	70.00%		70.00%		100.00%		100.00%		90.09%
Number of Tests	3		3		1		1		3
Test Effectiveness	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5
Post Test Reliability	94.92%		94.92%		100.00%		100.00%		98.64%
Post Test Failure Probability	5.08%		5.08%		0.00%		0.00%		1.36%
Cost per Test	20		20						100
Total Test Cost	60		60		0		0		300



Determining Reliability-Growth-Based Testing Requirements in Practice

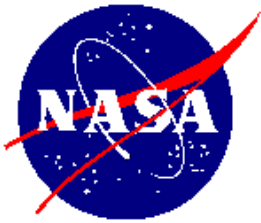
- **The initial assurance level and fault detection effectiveness are assessed**
- **The determining factors are assessed and are combined**
- **Grading criteria are defined for each factor**
- **Historical values are incorporated**
- **Uncertainties are treated**
- **Robust test requirements are determined**
- **Required tests are based on applicable reliability factors and not on inapplicable binomial lot sampling tables**



Initial Failure History from 1960 to 2000 for Space Launch Vehicles for the First Five Launches*

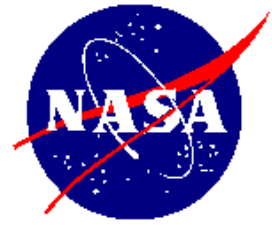
Launch Number	1	2	3	4	5
Attempts	41	40	38	36	34
Failures	13	10	6	6	7
Mean Failure Rate	0.32	0.25	0.16	0.17	0.21
Standard Deviation	0.471	0.439	0.370	0.378	0.410
Bayesian Mean	0.33	0.26	0.18	0.18	0.22
95% Bayesian Interval	(0.20, 0.47)	(0.14, 0.40)	(0.08, 0.31)	(0.08, 0.32)	(0.10, 0.37)

***Seth D. Guikema and M. Elisabeth Pate-Cornell, “Probability of Infancy Problems for Space Launch Vehicles”, Reliability Engineering and System Safety 87, March 2005, pp.303-314**



Summary

- **Design Safety/Reliability is Associated with the Probability of No Failure-Causing Faults Existing in a Design**
- **Confidence in the Non-Existence of Failure-Causing Faults is Increased by Performing Tests with No Failure**
- **Reliability-Growth Testing Requirements Are Based on Initial Assurance and Fault Detection Probability**
- **Using Binomial Tables Generally Gives Too Many Required Tests Compared to Reliability-Growth Requirements**
- **Reliability-Growth Testing Requirements are Based on Reliability Principles and Factors and Should Be Used**



Supplemental Slides

Reliability-Growth-Based Failure-Free Tests to Demonstrate a Given Design Reliability Versus Initial Assurance Level

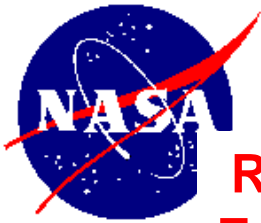
Detection Effectiveness	25%																		
	Initial System Assurance Level																		
Initial Assurance	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%	45%	50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%	90%	95%
Failure-Free Tests	Probability That the System is Failure-Free After Conducting a Given Number of Failure-Free Tests																		
1	6.557%	12.903%	19.048%	25.000%	30.769%	36.364%	41.791%	47.059%	52.174%	57.143%	61.972%	66.667%	71.233%	75.676%	80.000%	84.211%	88.312%	92.308%	96.203%
2	8.556%	16.495%	23.881%	30.769%	37.209%	43.243%	48.908%	54.237%	59.259%	64.000%	68.482%	72.727%	76.753%	80.576%	84.211%	87.671%	90.970%	94.118%	97.125%
3	11.092%	20.847%	29.493%	37.209%	44.138%	50.394%	56.070%	61.244%	65.979%	70.330%	74.340%	78.049%	81.489%	84.688%	87.671%	90.459%	93.071%	95.522%	97.828%
4	14.262%	25.990%	35.804%	44.138%	51.303%	57.528%	62.988%	67.815%	72.113%	75.964%	79.436%	82.581%	85.443%	88.059%	90.459%	92.670%	94.712%	96.604%	98.362%
5	18.153%	31.890%	42.649%	51.303%	58.414%	64.362%	69.410%	73.749%	77.517%	80.821%	83.741%	86.341%	88.670%	90.769%	92.670%	94.400%	95.981%	97.431%	98.766%
6	22.823%	38.435%	49.787%	58.414%	65.192%	70.657%	75.158%	78.929%	82.134%	84.891%	87.289%	89.393%	91.255%	92.913%	94.400%	95.740%	96.955%	98.061%	99.072%
7	28.279%	45.427%	56.934%	65.192%	71.406%	76.251%	80.135%	83.318%	85.974%	88.224%	90.154%	91.828%	93.294%	94.589%	95.740%	96.771%	97.699%	98.539%	99.302%
8	34.457%	52.603%	63.804%	71.406%	76.903%	81.064%	84.322%	86.944%	89.098%	90.900%	92.429%	93.743%	94.885%	95.886%	96.771%	97.558%	98.264%	98.900%	99.476%
9	41.210%	59.674%	70.152%	76.903%	81.616%	85.092%	87.762%	89.877%	91.594%	93.016%	94.212%	95.233%	96.114%	96.882%	97.558%	98.157%	98.692%	99.173%	99.606%
10	48.310%	66.365%	75.809%	81.616%	85.548%	88.386%	90.532%	92.211%	93.560%	94.669%	95.595%	96.382%	97.057%	97.643%	98.157%	98.612%	99.016%	99.378%	99.704%
11	55.479%	72.458%	80.689%	85.548%	88.754%	91.029%	92.727%	94.042%	95.091%	95.948%	96.660%	97.261%	97.776%	98.222%	98.612%	98.955%	99.260%	99.533%	99.778%
12	62.428%	77.816%	84.782%	88.754%	91.322%	93.118%	94.444%	95.464%	96.273%	96.930%	97.474%	97.932%	98.323%	98.661%	98.955%	99.214%	99.444%	99.649%	99.834%
13	68.900%	82.385%	88.135%	91.322%	93.347%	94.748%	95.774%	96.559%	97.178%	97.679%	98.093%	98.441%	98.737%	98.992%	99.214%	99.410%	99.583%	99.737%	99.875%
14	74.708%	86.180%	90.829%	93.347%	94.926%	96.008%	96.797%	97.397%	97.869%	98.249%	98.563%	98.826%	99.050%	99.242%	99.410%	99.557%	99.687%	99.802%	99.906%
15	79.751%	89.264%	92.960%	94.926%	96.145%	96.976%	97.578%	98.035%	98.393%	98.681%	98.918%	99.117%	99.286%	99.431%	99.557%	99.667%	99.765%	99.852%	99.930%
16	84.003%	91.726%	94.626%	96.145%	97.081%	97.715%	98.173%	98.519%	98.790%	99.008%	99.187%	99.336%	99.463%	99.572%	99.667%	99.750%	99.823%	99.889%	99.947%
17	87.503%	93.663%	95.914%	97.081%	97.795%	98.276%	98.623%	98.885%	99.090%	99.254%	99.389%	99.501%	99.597%	99.679%	99.750%	99.812%	99.868%	99.917%	99.960%
18	90.325%	95.171%	96.904%	97.795%	98.337%	98.702%	98.964%	99.161%	99.316%	99.439%	99.541%	99.626%	99.697%	99.759%	99.812%	99.859%	99.901%	99.937%	99.970%
19	92.564%	96.334%	97.660%	98.337%	98.747%	99.023%	99.221%	99.370%	99.486%	99.579%	99.655%	99.719%	99.773%	99.819%	99.859%	99.894%	99.925%	99.953%	99.978%
20	94.317%	97.225%	98.235%	98.747%	99.058%	99.265%	99.415%	99.527%	99.614%	99.684%	99.741%	99.789%	99.830%	99.864%	99.894%	99.921%	99.944%	99.965%	99.983%
21	95.676%	97.904%	98.670%	99.058%	99.292%	99.448%	99.560%	99.645%	99.710%	99.763%	99.806%	99.842%	99.872%	99.898%	99.921%	99.941%	99.958%	99.974%	99.987%
22	96.722%	98.420%	98.999%	99.292%	99.468%	99.586%	99.670%	99.733%	99.782%	99.822%	99.854%	99.881%	99.904%	99.924%	99.941%	99.955%	99.969%	99.980%	99.991%
23	97.521%	98.810%	99.248%	99.468%	99.600%	99.689%	99.752%	99.800%	99.837%	99.866%	99.891%	99.911%	99.928%	99.943%	99.955%	99.967%	99.976%	99.985%	99.993%
24	98.129%	99.105%	99.435%	99.600%	99.700%	99.766%	99.814%	99.850%	99.878%	99.900%	99.918%	99.933%	99.946%	99.957%	99.967%	99.975%	99.982%	99.989%	99.995%
25	98.590%	99.327%	99.575%	99.700%	99.775%	99.825%	99.860%	99.887%	99.908%	99.925%	99.938%	99.950%	99.959%	99.968%	99.975%	99.981%	99.987%	99.992%	99.996%
26	98.939%	99.495%	99.681%	99.775%	99.831%	99.868%	99.895%	99.915%	99.931%	99.944%	99.954%	99.962%	99.970%	99.976%	99.981%	99.986%	99.990%	99.994%	99.997%
27	99.202%	99.620%	99.761%	99.831%	99.873%	99.901%	99.921%	99.937%	99.948%	99.958%	99.965%	99.972%	99.977%	99.982%	99.986%	99.989%	99.993%	99.995%	99.998%
28	99.400%	99.715%	99.820%	99.873%	99.905%	99.926%	99.941%	99.952%	99.961%	99.968%	99.974%	99.979%	99.983%	99.986%	99.989%	99.992%	99.994%	99.996%	99.998%
29	99.550%	99.786%	99.865%	99.905%	99.929%	99.944%	99.956%	99.964%	99.971%	99.976%	99.981%	99.984%	99.987%	99.990%	99.992%	99.994%	99.996%	99.997%	99.999%
30	99.662%	99.840%	99.899%	99.929%	99.946%	99.958%	99.967%	99.973%	99.978%	99.982%	99.985%	99.988%	99.990%	99.992%	99.994%	99.996%	99.997%	99.998%	99.999%

Binomial-Based Test Requirements Are Generally Much Too Large Compared to Reliability-Growth-Based Test Requirements

Number of Tests	Binomial (50%)	Initial Assurance Level: Test Effectiveness=25%						
		5%	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%	95%
1	25.000%	6.557%	12.903%	30.769%	57.143%	80.000%	92.308%	96.203%
2	50.000%	8.556%	16.495%	37.209%	64.000%	84.211%	94.118%	97.125%
3	62.996%	11.092%	20.847%	44.138%	70.330%	87.671%	95.522%	97.828%
4	70.711%	14.262%	25.990%	51.303%	75.964%	90.459%	96.604%	98.362%
5	75.786%	18.153%	31.890%	58.414%	80.821%	92.670%	97.431%	98.766%
6	79.370%	22.823%	38.435%	65.192%	84.891%	94.400%	98.061%	99.072%
7	82.034%	28.279%	45.427%	71.406%	88.224%	95.740%	98.539%	99.302%
8	84.090%	34.457%	52.603%	76.903%	90.900%	96.771%	98.900%	99.476%
9	85.724%	41.210%	59.674%	81.616%	93.016%	97.558%	99.173%	99.606%
10	87.055%	48.310%	66.365%	85.548%	94.669%	98.157%	99.378%	99.704%
11	88.159%	55.479%	72.458%	88.754%	95.948%	98.612%	99.533%	99.778%
12	89.090%	62.428%	77.816%	91.322%	96.930%	98.955%	99.649%	99.834%
13	89.885%	68.900%	82.385%	93.347%	97.679%	99.214%	99.737%	99.875%
14	90.572%	74.708%	86.180%	94.926%	98.249%	99.410%	99.802%	99.906%
15	91.172%	79.751%	89.264%	96.145%	98.681%	99.557%	99.852%	99.930%
16	91.700%	84.003%	91.726%	97.081%	99.008%	99.667%	99.889%	99.947%
17	92.169%	87.503%	93.663%	97.795%	99.254%	99.750%	99.917%	99.960%
18	92.587%	90.325%	95.171%	98.337%	99.439%	99.812%	99.937%	99.970%
19	92.964%	92.564%	96.334%	98.747%	99.579%	99.859%	99.953%	99.978%
20	93.303%	94.317%	97.225%	99.058%	99.684%	99.894%	99.965%	99.983%
21	93.612%	95.676%	97.904%	99.292%	99.763%	99.921%	99.974%	99.987%
22	93.893%	96.722%	98.420%	99.468%	99.822%	99.941%	99.980%	99.991%
23	94.151%	97.521%	98.810%	99.600%	99.866%	99.955%	99.985%	99.993%
24	94.387%	98.129%	99.105%	99.700%	99.900%	99.967%	99.989%	99.995%
25	94.606%	98.590%	99.327%	99.775%	99.925%	99.975%	99.992%	99.996%
26	94.808%	98.939%	99.495%	99.831%	99.944%	99.981%	99.994%	99.997%
27	94.995%	99.202%	99.620%	99.873%	99.958%	99.986%	99.995%	99.998%
28	95.170%	99.400%	99.715%	99.905%	99.968%	99.989%	99.996%	99.998%
29	95.332%	99.550%	99.786%	99.929%	99.976%	99.992%	99.997%	99.999%
30	95.484%	99.662%	99.840%	99.946%	99.982%	99.994%	99.998%	99.999%

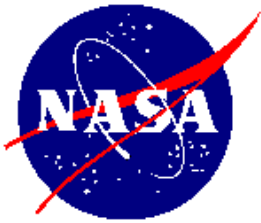
Reliability-Growth-Based Failure-Free Tests to Demonstrate a Given Design Reliability Versus Fault Detection Effectiveness

Probability That a System is Free of Failures After a Given Number of Failure-Free Tests Have Been Conducted With Each Test Having a Given Detection Effectiveness For a Given Initial System Assurance Level																				
Initial System Assurance Level	30%																			
Detection Effectiveness Value																				
Alternative Detection Effectiveness Values	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%	45%	50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%	90%	95%	
Number of Failure-Free Tests Conducted	Probability the System is Failure-Free After Conducting a Given Number of Failure-Free Tests																			
1	31.0881%	32.2581%	33.5196%	34.8837%	36.3636%	37.9747%	39.7351%	41.6667%	43.7956%	46.1538%	48.7805%	51.7241%	55.0459%	58.8235%	63.1579%	68.1818%	74.0741%	81.0811%	89.5522%	
2	32.1975%	34.6021%	37.2324%	40.1070%	43.2432%	46.6563%	50.3567%	54.3478%	58.6224%	63.1579%	67.9117%	72.8155%	77.7706%	82.6446%	87.2727%	91.4634%	95.0119%	97.7199%	99.4200%	
3	33.3273%	37.0233%	41.1022%	45.5650%	50.3937%	55.5453%	60.9462%	66.4894%	72.0353%	77.4194%	82.4657%	87.0070%	90.9056%	94.0734%	96.4824%	98.1675%	99.2187%	99.7672%	99.9708%	
4	34.4766%	39.5116%	45.0854%	51.1317%	57.5281%	64.0930%	70.5958%	76.7813%	82.4053%	87.2727%	91.2674%	94.3634%	96.6170%	98.1451%	99.0968%	99.6281%	99.8820%	99.9767%	99.9985%	
5	35.6444%	42.0555%	49.1325%	56.6705%	64.3620%	71.8307%	78.6946%	84.6425%	89.4908%	93.2039%	95.8721%	97.6664%	98.7893%	99.4362%	99.7727%	99.9254%	99.9823%	99.9977%	99.9999%	
6	36.8295%	44.6423%	53.1910%	62.0475%	70.6572%	78.4613%	85.0356%	90.1824%	93.9330%	96.4824%	98.0993%	99.0533%	99.5729%	99.8302%	99.9431%	99.9851%	99.9973%	99.9998%	100.0000%	
7	38.0307%	47.2584%	57.2078%	67.1440%	76.2508%	83.8814%	89.7356%	93.8686%	96.5695%	98.2097%	99.1356%	99.6192%	99.8501%	99.9490%	99.9858%	99.9970%	99.9996%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
8	39.2468%	49.8897%	61.1317%	71.8665%	81.0638%	88.1436%	93.0795%	96.2287%	98.0836%	99.0968%	99.6092%	99.8473%	99.9475%	99.9847%	99.9964%	99.9994%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
9	40.4763%	52.5215%	64.9165%	76.1513%	85.0921%	91.3944%	95.3900%	97.7026%	98.9368%	99.5463%	99.8238%	99.9389%	99.9816%	99.9954%	99.9991%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
10	41.7179%	55.1395%	68.5225%	79.9655%	88.3862%	93.8165%	96.9544%	98.6088%	99.4125%	99.7727%	99.9206%	99.9755%	99.9936%	99.9986%	99.9998%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
11	42.9701%	57.7292%	71.9183%	83.3034%	91.0292%	95.5897%	97.9990%	99.1606%	99.6760%	99.8862%	99.9643%	99.9902%	99.9977%	99.9996%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
12	44.2313%	60.2772%	75.0809%	86.1812%	93.1175%	96.8714%	98.6902%	99.4947%	99.8215%	99.9431%	99.9839%	99.9961%	99.9992%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
13	45.5001%	62.7706%	77.9963%	88.6308%	94.7478%	97.7892%	99.1447%	99.6962%	99.9018%	99.9715%	99.9928%	99.9984%	99.9997%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
14	46.7747%	65.1979%	80.6584%	90.6930%	96.0084%	98.4421%	99.4424%	99.8175%	99.9459%	99.9858%	99.9967%	99.9994%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
15	48.0535%	67.5487%	83.0684%	92.4132%	96.9761%	98.9044%	99.6368%	99.8904%	99.9703%	99.9929%	99.9985%	99.9997%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
16	49.3349%	69.8143%	85.2331%	93.8370%	97.7148%	99.2305%	99.7636%	99.9342%	99.9836%	99.9964%	99.9993%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
17	50.6172%	71.9873%	87.1638%	95.0081%	98.2763%	99.4601%	99.8462%	99.9605%	99.9910%	99.9982%	99.9997%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
18	51.8986%	74.0620%	88.8751%	95.9662%	98.7016%	99.6215%	99.9000%	99.9763%	99.9951%	99.9991%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
19	53.1776%	76.0341%	90.3833%	96.7467%	99.0230%	99.7347%	99.9350%	99.9858%	99.9973%	99.9996%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
20	54.4524%	77.9011%	91.7062%	97.3803%	99.2655%	99.8142%	99.9577%	99.9915%	99.9985%	99.9998%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
21	55.7214%	79.6615%	92.8615%	97.8932%	99.4481%	99.8698%	99.9725%	99.9949%	99.9992%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
22	56.9829%	81.3154%	93.8666%	98.3074%	99.5855%	99.9089%	99.9821%	99.9969%	99.9995%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
23	58.2355%	82.8636%	94.7382%	98.6414%	99.6888%	99.9362%	99.9884%	99.9982%	99.9998%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
24	59.4775%	84.3084%	95.4919%	98.9101%	99.7664%	99.9553%	99.9925%	99.9989%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
25	60.7075%	85.6524%	96.1420%	99.1262%	99.8247%	99.9687%	99.9951%	99.9993%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
26	61.9241%	86.8992%	96.7016%	99.2997%	99.8685%	99.9781%	99.9968%	99.9996%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
27	63.1259%	88.0528%	97.1824%	99.4390%	99.9013%	99.9847%	99.9979%	99.9998%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
28	64.3116%	89.1175%	97.5949%	99.5507%	99.9260%	99.9893%	99.9987%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
29	65.4800%	90.0980%	97.9483%	99.6402%	99.9445%	99.9925%	99.9991%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	
30	66.6301%	90.9990%	98.2506%	99.7120%	99.9583%	99.9947%	99.9994%	99.9999%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%	



Reliability Distribution After a Given Number of Failure-Free Tests for the Large Uncertainty Case

	Reliability Distribution Characteristics After a Given Number of Tests							
	1 Test	2 Tests	3 Tests	4 Tests	5 Tests	10 Tests	15 Tests	20 Tests
1%	14.075509%	16.811989%	19.535827%	22.401186%	25.350151%	41.706695%	58.565376%	73.192121%
2.50%	16.223551%	20.168430%	23.989777%	27.843530%	31.741291%	51.959003%	69.602750%	82.386888%
5%	18.972912%	24.312700%	29.469920%	34.532614%	39.569888%	62.489285%	79.163676%	89.124958%
50%	59.173562%	67.731535%	75.264301%	81.472889%	86.370113%	97.417663%	99.544091%	99.922318%
95%	89.990637%	93.176128%	95.683576%	97.403847%	98.485325%	99.917874%	99.996223%	99.999837%
97.50%	91.522460%	94.582432%	96.760481%	98.130984%	98.951206%	99.950266%	99.997926%	99.999918%
99%	92.754334%	95.688253%	97.549978%	98.653284%	99.271237%	99.969511%	99.998842%	99.999957%
Mean	57.238016%	64.074271%	70.213039%	75.477049%	79.833896%	91.788449%	96.173147%	98.105062%



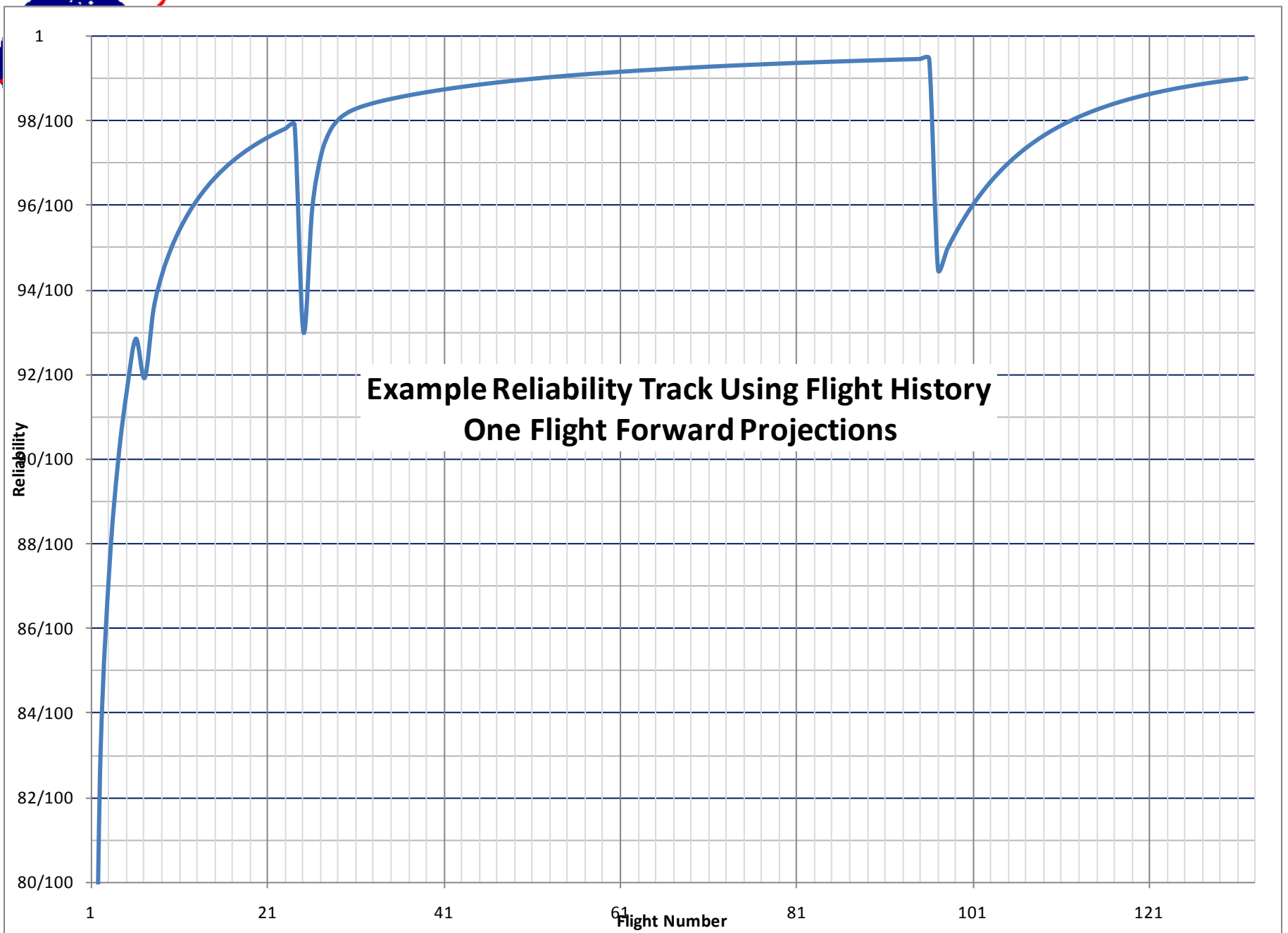
Handling Failures That Occur

- A failure occurrence can be handled by discounting the failure in the reliability estimation
- The discount factor is one minus the corrective action effectiveness (the ineffectiveness)
- A failure occurrence can alternatively be handled by restarting the reliability at the value before the failure multiplied by the corrective action effectiveness
- Both alternatives give similar results
- With the restart alternative the reliability-growth test tables can be entered with the restarted reliability



Using a Dynamic Reliability Model to Monitor the Dynamic Reliability Growth of a Spacecraft

- The following slide shows an example evaluation of the dynamic tracking of a hypothetical flight history
- The evaluations incorporate fault removal and include the random operational contribution
- The values are Kalman-Filter-predicted next-flight reliability based on the past history up to the flight
- The spikes on the curves are the predicted reliability after failure fixes have been made and have been included
- Such monitoring evaluations are important for tracking real-time reliability growth to update analyses and actions





Reliability-Growth-Based Model for the Probability of Zero Failure-Causing Faults Existing After a Given Number of Successful Tests

$P(0)$ = initial probability of no failure causing faults in the design (initial assurance level)

N = number of failure free tests or flights conducted

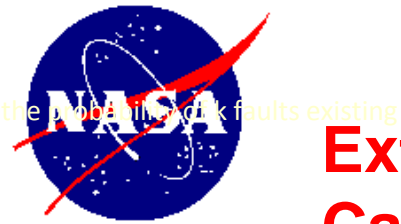
p = fault detection effectiveness (conditional probability of detecting a failure -causing fault)

$P(0/N)$ = probability of no failure causing faults in the design after N failure free tests

Using Bayes theorem

$$P(0/N) = \frac{P(0)}{P(0) + (1 - P(0))(1 - p)^N}$$

$P(0/N)$ Is also termed the design reliability and is calculated in the previous tables



Extensions of the Formula for No Failure-Causing Faults Existing (1)

The formula previously was for a single fault existing. For multiple faults existing the formula becomes

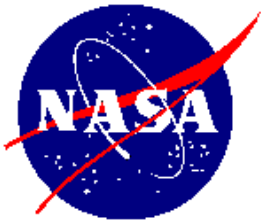
$$P(0/N) = \frac{P(0)}{P(0) + \sum_k P(k)P(0/k, N)}$$

where

$P(k)$ = the probability of k faults existing

$P(0/k, N)$ = the probability of missing all k faults in N tests

The sum in the denominator is over k faults existing with k greater than or equal to 1.



Extensions of the Formula for No Failure-Causing Faults Existing (2)

For a standard test which is less likely to miss all faults if more than one exists we have

$$P(0/k, N) \leq P(0/1, N)$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} P(0/N) &\geq \frac{P(0)}{P(0) + (\sum_k P(k))(P(0/1, N))} \\ &= \frac{P(0)}{P(0) + (1 - P(0))(1 - p)^N} \end{aligned}$$

which is the formula in the main body.

Consequently if multiple faults exist the formula for one fault gives a lower bound on the reliability, i.e., on $P(0/N)$ and the reliability can be somewhat higher



Extensions of the Formula for No Failure-Causing Faults Existing (3)

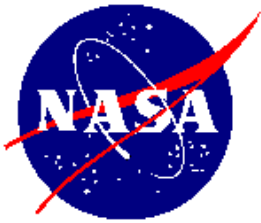
If $P(k)$ follows a Poisson then it is straightforward to show that

$$P(0 / N) = \exp(-\Lambda(1 - p)^N)$$

where

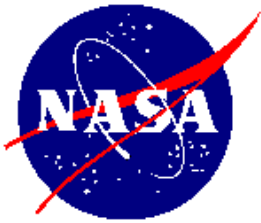
$\Lambda =$ the expected number of faults existing

If the tests are repetitive or are correlated with a portion of the conditions repeated then N is replaced by the effective number of non-overlapping tests conducted. In the case of overlapping tests where N is replaced by $\log N$ then the model is similar to the Duane model where now the parameters are expressed in terms of the expected number of faults existing and the fault detection coverage.



Annotated References (1)

1. **Gaver, D.P., and Jacobs, P.A., Testing or Fault Finding for Reliability Growth: A Missile Destructive-Test Example, Naval Research Logistics, Vol. 44 (1997), pp. 623-637 (Applies also to tests or flights with fault identification and correction.)**
2. **Sen, Ananda and Gouri, Bhattacharyya, A Reliability Growth Model Under Inherent and Assignable-Cause Failures, Balakrishnan, N. Recent Advances in Life-Testing and Reliability, CRC Press, 1995, pp. 295-311 (Statistical approach for separating faults and failures according to cause)**
3. **G. Glenn Shirley, A Defect Model of Reliability, 1995 International Reliability Symposium, Available at <http://web.cecs.pdx.edu/~cgshirl/Glenns%20Publications/31%201995%20A%20Defect%20Model%20of%20Reliability%20IRPS95%20Tutorial%20Slides.pdf> (Defect model applied to yield defects but methodology is detailed and generally applicable)**



Annotated References (2)

4. Fenton, Norman, Neil, Martin, and Marquez, David, Using Bayesian Nets to Predict Software Defects and Reliability, Available at www.agenarisk.com/resource/white.../fentonMMR_Full_vi_0.pdf (Applicable to hardware defects also. Useful tool for aggregating information)
5. Walls, L.A. and Quigley, J.L., Building Prior Distributions to Support Bayesian Reliability Growth Modeling Using Expert Judgment, Reliability Engineering and System Safety, Vol. 74(2), (2001), pp.117-128 (Useful approach for assessing initial assurance level)
6. Li, Guo-Ying, Wu, Qi-Guang, and Zhao, Yong-Hur, Bayesian Analysis of Binomial Reliability Growth, Journal of Japan Statistics, Vol 32, No. 1 (2002), pp.1-14 (Applicable to both fault and failure counts)
7. ESAS, Final Report, NASA-TIM-2005-214062, November 2005, Chapter 8. Risk and Reliability, Appendix 8C. Reliability Growth (Reliability growth models used in NASA's ESAS study)
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